## Types of Wastes Accepted at Compost and anaerobic Digestion Facilities in 2013

EWC chapter- sub heading	Description	Tonnes
02 01	Wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing.	896
02 02	Wastes from the preparation and processing of meat, fish and other foods of animal origin	5,065
02 03	Wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses, preparation and fermentation.	655
02 05	Wastes from the dairy products industry.	8,736
02 06	Wastes from the baking and confectionery industry.	824
02 07	Wastes from the production of alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages (except coffee, tea and cocoa).	26,388
03 03	Wastes from pulp, paper and cardboard production and processing.	237
04 02	Wastes from the textile industry.	163
06 10	Wastes from MFSU (fertiliser manufacture).	628
07 05	Wastes from the MFSU of pharmaceuticals.	2,946
07 06	Wastes from the MFSU of fats, grease, soaps, detergents, disinfectants and cosmetics. 1	228
15 01	Packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste).	352
16 03	Off-specification batches and unused products.	7
17 02	Construction and demolition wastes: wood, glass and plastic.	149
17 08	Gypsum-based construction material.	139
19 05	Wastes from aerobic treatment of solid wastes.	2,252
19 08	Wastes from waste water treatment plants not otherwise specified.	55,196
19 09	Wastes from the preparation of water intended for human consumption or water for industrial use.	3,158
19 12	Wood waste from mechanical treatment of wastes.	3,920
20 01	Municipal wastes (separately collected fractions) except 15 01.	121,114
20 02	Garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste).	35,393
20 03	Other municipal wastes.	2,157
Total		270,603



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MFSU (manufacture, formulation, supply and use).